



Offender Rehabilitation and Probation Course: Risk-Need Assessment, Diversion and Reintegration

21 – 25 February 2027

Riyadh - KAFD district five-star



Offender Rehabilitation and Probation Course: Risk-Need Assessment, Diversion and Reintegration

Ref: 1678_26348 **Date:** 21 – 25 February 2027 **Location:** Riyadh - KAFD district five-star **Fees:** 20000 SAR

Introduction:

Offender rehabilitation and probation, covering risk-need assessment, diversion and reintegration, is a 5-day course for probation, social-care and justice service managers that ends with an Offender Rehabilitation and Reintegration Service Plan for a case probation service. Reoffending stays high when supervision intensity ignores assessed risk, community orders lack structured interventions and released or diverted people return without work, housing or family support. Nominees already manage caseloads, community orders or aftercare services, and learn through case studies built on anonymised case files and outcome data. CoreConcept Training Center delivers this offender rehabilitation and probation course.

Course Objectives:

- Distinguish probation, parole and other non-custodial measures and position a service against international principles for community sanctions
- Assess people under supervision with the risk-need-responsivity model and structured screening for risk of serious harm
- Build sentence and supervision plans that set supervision levels, interventions and enforcement responses for community orders
- Design juvenile diversion and restorative justice options that keep young first-time offenders out of formal processing
- Organise employment, family and housing reintegration pathways with community and employer partners
- Measure reoffending and service results using reconviction rates over defined follow-up periods

Target Audience:

- Managers responsible for probation, community supervision or parole teams
 - Supervisors responsible for allocating caseloads and quality-assuring sentence plans
 - Managers responsible for rehabilitation interventions in justice or social-care agencies
 - Managers responsible for youth justice, juvenile offending or diversion services
 - Managers responsible for aftercare, resettlement and reintegration services in non-profit organisations
 - Performance leads responsible for reporting reoffending and service outcome data
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Course Outline:

Day 1: Rehabilitation Landscape, Community Supervision and Service Baseline

- Desistance Theory and Offender Rehabilitation Purpose Statement
- Probation, Parole and Conditional Release Supervision Pathways Compared
- Tokyo Rules Principles for Non-Custodial Measures Applied to Services
- Criminogenic and Non-Criminogenic Needs Distinction Using Case Profiles
- Probation Service Current-State Review Using a Caseload Snapshot

Day 2: Risk-Need-Responsivity Model and Offender Assessment

- Risk Principle Matching Supervision Intensity to Reoffending Likelihood
- Need Principle Targeting Dynamic Criminogenic Factors in Plans
- Responsivity Principle Adapting Interventions to Age and Cognitive Ability
- Structured Professional Judgement Versus Actuarial Risk Assessment Tools
- Risk of Serious Harm Screening and Escalation Thresholds

Day 3: Supervision Planning, Community Orders and Intervention Delivery

- Sentence Plan Template With SMART Objectives and Review Points
- Supervision Levels From Intensive Monitoring to Standard Reporting
- Cognitive-Behavioural Offending Behaviour Interventions Referral and Sequencing
- Community Service, Curfew and Electronic Monitoring Order Management
- Breach, Enforcement and Order Compliance Decision Records

Day 4: Juvenile Diversion, Reintegration Pathways and Reoffending Measurement

- Beijing Rules Principles for Juvenile Diversion Decisions
- Victim-Offender Mediation and Restorative Justice Conference Planning
- Employment, Education and Training Pathway With Employer Partnerships
- Family Ties, Housing and Through-the-Gate Resettlement Support
- Reoffending Rate Measurement by Reconviction and Follow-Up Window

Day 5: Case Study on a Rehabilitation and Reintegration Service Plan

- Case Probation Service Briefing With Caseload and Outcome Data
 - Risk-Need-Responsivity Caseload Segmentation for the Case Service
 - Diversion and Alternatives to Custody Options Appraisal Matrix
 - Reintegration Partner Map and Reoffending Indicator Dashboard
 - Offender Rehabilitation and Reintegration Service Plan Completion and Review
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Skills You Will Gain:

- Offender Risk Assessment
- Criminogenic Need Analysis
- Sentence Plan Design
- Community Order Management
- Youth Diversion Design
- Restorative Justice Oversight
- Resettlement Partnership Building
- Recidivism Data Analysis

Why Attend This Course:

- Deliver an Offender Rehabilitation and Reintegration Service Plan to the head of probation services and partner agencies for the next service planning round
- Decide which cases warrant intensive supervision, structured interventions or diversion based on assessed risk and need
- Avoid wasted intervention places, breach escalations and early returns to custody caused by mismatched supervision intensity
- Brief caseload staff on risk-need-responsivity principles using the sentence plan and segmentation templates from the case work

Conclusion:

Back at work, the participant hands the Offender Rehabilitation and Reintegration Service Plan to the head of probation or community justice services and to partner agencies, who use it to decide how caseloads are segmented, which interventions and diversion options are funded and which employment and family support partners are engaged. Supervisors can apply the sentence plan template and segmentation matrix to current cases. After the first review cycle, the unit should compare reconviction and breach data against the plan's indicators and adjust supervision levels and partner arrangements.

Frequently Asked Questions FAQ:

What should participants know before the offender rehabilitation and probation course?

Participants should already manage or supervise probation, community supervision, youth justice or aftercare work. No prior training in a specific assessment tool is needed. Bringing anonymised caseload figures, sentence plans or outcome reports helps participants apply the case study exercises to their own service.

How does offender rehabilitation and probation training differ from a general social services or policing course?

It centres on people already under a court order or released from custody: assessing risk and need, planning supervision, diverting young people and supporting reintegration. General casework management, neighbourhood policing and criminal investigation appear only where they connect with supervised cases.

Why does the risk-need-responsivity model matter in offender rehabilitation and probation?

It matches supervision intensity to the likelihood of reoffending, targets the dynamic needs linked to offending and adapts interventions to the person. Applying it stops services from overloading low-risk cases with intensive measures and directs scarce intervention places where they reduce reoffending most.

What do participants take back from the offender rehabilitation and probation course?

Participants return with an Offender Rehabilitation and Reintegration Service Plan for a case probation service, covering caseload segmentation, supervision levels, diversion and alternatives to custody options, reintegration partners and reoffending indicators, together with templates their unit can reuse.